The Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel (DCDEP) would like to hear from you about the Visions, Goals and Recommendations that are contained in this Public Review Draft of the Strategic Vision. These recommendations reflect the public input received by the DCDEP since May 2018. The DCDEP encourages all of you to review this document in detail and comment on whether you agree with the Panel’s recommendations or have other suggestions. You can email your comments to engagementpanel@pge.com or you can click on the link below submit your comments online.

Submit Comments on the DCDEP Draft Strategic Vision Online

Executive Summary
This Strategic Vision was prepared by the Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel (DCDEP). The DCDEP anticipates that this vision document will have multiple purposes. In December 2018, PG&E is required to submit a Triennial Report to the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). The DCDEP will include the first iteration of this vision document in the Triennial Report. The vision document will also be a stand-alone document that will be available to the community, stakeholders and regulatory agencies in order to provide information about the decommissioning process itself and recommendations from the DCDEP that reflect the community’s wishes for what will occur before, during and after decommissioning. The vision document will also continue to be revised, updated and refined as the DCDEP continues to hold public meetings and workshops and receive comments on other important issues associated with the decommissioning process. This includes the complex issue of long-term storage and intended future removal from the DCPP site of spent nuclear fuel, the potential economic impacts of the closure of Diablo Canyon Power Plant and the DCDEP’s response to the Triennial Report.

Diablo Canyon Power Plant (DCPP)
The DCPP is an electricity generating nuclear power plant located near the town of Avila Beach in San Luis Obispo County operated by Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E). The plant has two 4-loop pressurized water nuclear reactors. In June 2016, PG&E announced plans to close the two Diablo Canyon reactors in 2024 and 2025. The closure was approved by the CPUC on January 11, 2018.

Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel (DCDEP)
The DCDEP was convened by PG&E as a volunteer, non-regulatory body created to foster and encourage open communication, public involvement and education on DCPP decommissioning plans and activities. It is intended to serve as a forum for the local community to provide direct input to PG&E and regulatory agencies on matters related to DCPP decommissioning.
Community Outreach Process
The DCDEP has held regular public monthly meetings as well as workshops focused on specific issues. The first meeting was held on May 30, 2018. Since that time the DCDEP has held six evening meetings and four all-day workshops to receive information and hear public comment. In response to the significant outreach efforts by the DCDEP, 465 documented comments have been received to date.

Strategic Vision
This Strategic Vision has been prepared by the DCDEP as a “living document” that will be added to and refined as the decommissioning process continues and the DCDEP addresses and hears from the public on other issues, such as spent fuel storage, emergency planning, and the demolition and transport of demolished materials (both radiological and non-radiological). The recommendations contained in this vision document are based on the views of the community as expressed during public meetings and workshops, as well as through emails, letters and other correspondence.

Summary of Recommendations
This Strategic Vision contains specific Visions, Goals and Recommendations that represent the DCDEP’s vision for the DCPP and lands before, during and after the decommissioning process. In general, the DCDEP recommends:

- Decommissioning and decontamination (DECON) should begin immediately upon shutdown
- Decommissioning should include cost saving approaches that save ratepayers money while assuring that the safety of the community is not compromised
- The 12,000 acres that surround the DCPP should be conserved while allowing for managed public access
- The amount of demolition should be reduced and as many on and off-site facilities should be repurposed as is feasible, while considering public safety, traffic concerns and the environmental quality of the region

I. DCDEP Strategic Vision and Recommendations

Contained in the section are the strategic visions, goals and recommendations of the DCDEP. The vision, goals and recommendations in this Strategic Vision are based on input received over the course of several months via public meetings and workshops and written correspondence. The DCDEP recognizes that these recommendations do not cover all issue areas and only represent the areas discussed to date. The DCDEP will continue to meet and study other critical issues. These issues, as well as refinements to the issue areas covered in this vision document, will be covered in future iterations of this document.

The vision statements in this document are the framework around which the goals and recommendation are based. A goal is a description of a desired outcome and the recommendations are the activities needed to meet the goal.
The recommendations from the DCDEP cover the following topics:

A. Decommissioning Process  
B. Decommissioning Funding  
C. Diablo Canyon Lands  
D. Repurposing of the Diablo Canyon Facilities

### A. Decommissioning Process

The DCDEP recognizes that the decommissioning of the DCPP will be a lengthy and complicated process involving local, state, and federal regulatory agencies. Decommissioning, which includes the issues of the long-term storage and intended future removal from the DCPP site of spent nuclear fuel, could span several decades and will require the community and stakeholders to remain attentive and engaged for many years.

#### Figure 1 - Example Timeline for Decommissioning

Through these vision statements, goals and recommendations, it is the intent of the DCDEP to establish and maintain working relationships that encourage information sharing and effective dialogue among all persons and entities with an interest in the decommissioning process.

#### Vision Statements

- The decommissioning (decontamination) process should begin immediately upon shutdown - avoid SAFSTOR (which allows up to 60 year delay in decontamination)
- The decommissioning process should be timely, cost effective and efficient
- The health, safety and well-being of the local community should be ensured before, during and after decommissioning
• The CPUC should continue the DCDEP at a minimum until cessation of operations of the DCPP
• The CPUC should contemplate the potential establishment of either a successor entity to the DCDEP or augmenting the technical capabilities of the DCDEP during the project execution phase of the decommissioning process that could include technical experts, elected officials, labor, tribal, community and environmental representatives, to address future community planning and regulatory issues, if determined to be necessary

[The current DCDEP is chartered to advise PG&E on decommissioning activities that are of concern to the surrounding communities. It is funded and supported by PG&E through ratemaking. One member of the current DCDEP proposes an alternate vision for community engagement. That vision is attached to this document and can be viewed by clicking here]

Goals
Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel
• The DCDEP should continue its role of interacting with the public to assure the public’s perspectives are understood and considered by PG&E and regulatory agencies
• The DCDEP should continue to assist PG&E in seeking out new ideas/opportunities throughout the decommissioning process
• The DCDEP should assist the public in understanding what to expect during the decommissioning process
• The DCDEP’s recommendations and guidance during the decommissioning process should be strongly considered by PG&E and regulatory agencies

Safety
• The highest level of safety during the decommissioning process should be ensured
• The highly radioactive spent nuclear fuel should be stored onsite in the safest and most technologically advanced manner possible and be removed from the site as soon as feasible
• The highest level of safety regarding the transport of radioactively contaminated materials and, eventually, spent fuel from the area should be ensured

Labor
• The commitment to the use of a highly skilled and trained local workforce for all decommissioning activities should be continued by PG&E

Traffic
• The traffic impacts through surrounding communities should be minimized

Recommendations
Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel
• Recommend to the CPUC that public meetings and workshops continue to be held and public input received by the DCDEP throughout the decommissioning process
• Recommend to the CPUC that a report be prepared each year by the DCDEP reflecting the public input received over that time frame
• Recommend that the CPUC formally expand the charter of the Diablo Canyon Independent Safety Committee (DCISC) to include any technical support that may be requested of them by the DCDEP
• Recommend that the CPUC consider extending the existence of the DCISC beyond conclusion of power generation at the DCPP so that their independent technical and safety expertise would continue to be available to the DCDEP and to the communities in San Luis Obispo County into the decades of decommissioning when having independent safety and technical resources would continue to be valuable.

Safety
• Recommend to the CPUC that the spent fuel stored on-site be monitored at all times by PG&E or other entity as appropriate (before and during DECON) using real-time radiation monitoring.
• Recommend to the CPUC that the implementation of technologically advanced storage methods for spent fuel occur as soon as such methods are identified and determined to be feasible.
• Recommend to PG&E that the potential for both ship and truck transport of dismantled facilities from the site be investigated and the data communicated to the DCDEP and CPUC.
• Recommend to PG&E that the transport of demolished facilities through surrounding communities be avoided during times of peak traffic.
• Recommend to PG&E that the transport of spent fuel through surrounding communities be avoided during times of peak traffic.

Labor
• Recommend the use of non-discriminatory project labor agreements that incentivize local contractors hire from the local workforce for decommissioning activities be implemented by PG&E at the earliest possible time.
• Recommend to PG&E that a continued commitment to supporting the local workforce and maintaining the highest level of safety and training be incorporated into any non-discriminatory project labor agreements.

B. Decommissioning Funding
Funding for the costs to decommission DCPP will be made available through the Decommissioning Trust Fund. In preparation for DCPP’s eventual decommissioning, PG&E was required by the CPUC to maintain trust funds while the plant was in operation. This ensures sufficient funding will be available to decommission DCPP. PG&E has collected monthly fees on customers’ electric bills to fund the trust, which are further augmented over the life of the plant from returns on investment in fixed income (bonds) and equity (stocks). The Trust Fund currently holds approximately $2.8 billion, and PG&E is expecting to request an additional $1.4 billion in its Nuclear Decommissioning Cost Triennial Proceeding December 2018 report, which would be funded through ratepayer assessments.

The safety of current and future generations is the paramount concern when decommissioning DCPP. Although funding the costs for decommissioning should be guided by the principle of avoiding imposition of undue burdens on ratepayers, the safety of the community, both now and in the future, should never be discounted. The DCDEP recognizes that strategies for decommissioning (including the repurposing of lands and facilities) have a substantial influence on the costs of decommissioning. Through these vision statements, goals and recommendations, it is the intent of the DCDEP to ensure the safety of the community is not compromised, while minimizing impacts to ratepayers.
### Vision Statements
- The development of all decommissioning costs and decisions should be transparent to ratepayers and the community
- The most cost-effective methods for decommissioning should be researched by PG&E in order to save ratepayers money, while assuring that the safety of the community and the environmental quality of the area is not compromised
- The existing Diablo Canyon trust fund should be protected and preserved to assure that it remains stable and sufficient in order to adequately finance decommissioning
- The sale of assets acquired through ratepayer assessments could be used to offset decommissioning costs
- The uncontaminated facilities and infrastructure of the DCPP should be repurposed where feasible, while assuring that the safety of the community and the environmental quality of the area is not compromised

### Goals
- The DCDEP, in conjunction with PG&E, should endeavor to assure that the public clearly understands the funding necessary to accomplish decommissioning
- The Decommissioning Trust Fund should be adequately funded to cover the reasonable cost of completing all the decommissioning activities, including removal, transportation, and disposal of materials in a way that minimizes cost, risk, and disruption to local communities
- The adequate funding of the Decommissioning Trust Fund should occur and funds be made available to PG&E to allow for critical advance planning decommissioning activities needed to ensure immediate transition to DECON (decommissioning and decontamination) upon plant closure
**Recommendations**

- Recommend that the CPUC ascertain if PG&E has adequately researched and considered costs and community impacts of both land and sea transport of facility components from the site.
- Recommend that the CPUC cover the reasonable cost of completing all the decommissioning activities, including removal, transportation and disposal in a way that minimizes cost, risk and disruption to local communities.
- Recommend that the CPUC provide adequate funding to allow for critical advance planning decommissioning activities needed to continue in order to allow immediate transition to decommissioning when the plant ceases operation.

**C. Diablo Canyon Lands**

The Diablo Canyon Lands are located along the California coast, in an area that has seen virtually no development, other than the power plant which these lands surround. The Diablo Canyon Lands are located in the Irish Hills region of San Luis Obispo County, which has been the subject of significant conservation activity over the last two decades. The over 12,000 acres owned by PG&E (or its affiliates), including a 14-mile stretch of pristine coastline, contain relatively undisturbed grasslands, coastal sage, oak woodlands and bishop pine forests. These areas are currently managed by PG&E using innovative best management practices and a strong land stewardship program.

![Diablo Canyon Lands Map](image)

*Figure 3 – Diablo Canyon Lands*
In 2000, over 75 percent of county voters supported the DREAM (Diablo Resources Advisory Measure) Initiative. DREAM was an advisory ballot measure that called on county leaders and PG&E to set aside the Diablo Canyon Lands for habitat preservation, agriculture and public use upon closure of the plant. This initiative was unanimously supported by the San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors, PG&E and numerous community and environmental organizations. Through these vision statements, goals and recommendations, it is the intent of the DCDEP to promote the conservation of Diablo Canyon Lands consistent with recent public input at workshops and meetings and the passing of the DREAM Initiative.

**Vision Statements**

- The 12,000 acres of Diablo Canyon Lands surrounding the DCPP are a precious treasure and a spectacular natural resource that should be preserved, in perpetuity, for the public and for future generations
- The public should be ensured access to the Diablo Canyon Lands to the greatest extent possible, while protecting and preserving sensitive habitats, cultural sites and other resources
- The preservation of sacred Native American sites should be assured
- The request for land ownership by the local Native American community should be recognized, while at the same time considering the overwhelming public testimony that the Diablo Canyon Lands be conserved and available to the public for managed use
- The conservation activities on Diablo Canyon Lands should be coordinated with owners of other protected properties in the Irish Hills region, including State Parks, the US Bureau of Land Management, the Land Conservancy of San Luis Obispo County, and the City of San Luis Obispo
- The use of Diablo Canyon Lands should be consistent with the safe, secure and monitored storage of spent nuclear fuel until such time as it is removed from the site

**Goals**

**Land Stewardship**

- The excellent stewardship of PG&E in preserving and maintaining the Diablo Canyon Lands should be recognized
- The public announcement by PG&E of its intention to collaborate with interested parties to preserve the Diablo Canyon Lands should occur as soon as the CPUC order is lifted
- The existing biological, geological and archeological data should be made available by PG&E to conservation entities who may be future stewards of the Diablo Canyon Lands
- The preparation of a plan for the ongoing management, preservation and public access of Diablo Canyon Lands should be developed through a collaborative process with appropriate governmental and non-governmental organizations to assure all available funding is pursued and ongoing stewardship is maintained
- The preparation of the management/public access plan should include public input and take into consideration the effects of use of the Diablo Canyon Lands on local traffic and safety
- The management/public access plan should include a multi-use non-motorized trail system, restricted access in the sensitive intertidal zone, low intensity rotational grazing, habitat restoration and protection of cultural sites

**Land Transfer and Use**

- The transfer of the Diablo Canyon Lands to a conservation entity or entities should be promoted to ensure natural and cultural protection and education in perpetuity and managed public access
• The Diablo Canyon Lands should be conserved prior to the completion of the decommissioning process, as appropriate
• The Diablo Canyon Lands should be owned and managed by a conservation entity or entities, such as State or National Parks, the Wildlands Conservancy, the San Luis Obispo Land Conservancy, a Native American non-profit or other governmental or non-profit conservation group experienced in land management, for resource protection and managed public use
• The long-term protection of ecological, scenic, and cultural resources and the well-being of local communities should be a primary consideration in determining the appropriate level of public access to the Diablo Canyon Lands
• The establishment of at least two multi-use trail extensions of the California Coastal Trail should be pursued which include both a trail along the coast and an interior trail through Wild Cherry Canyon and other protected Irish Hills properties
• The coastal section of the Diablo Canyon Lands should be protected to a higher degree, as needed to ensure the conservation of the more fragile marine, tidal, and coastal environment
• The interior sections of the Diablo Canyon Lands (including the lands associated with transmission lines) should allow for multiple compatible uses, including hiking, mountain biking, and equestrian use, including connections to the Irish Hills and Montana De Oro trail systems
• The use of Diablo Canyon Lands for motorized vehicles (other than in access and parking areas, access roads and for maintenance and management activities) and night-time recreational use (other than camping as may be allowed) should be prohibited as inconsistent with resource protection
• The use of Diablo Canyon Lands for camping should be permitted only to the extent it is consistent with the safety of the community and the protection of cultural and environmental resources
• The use of a small portion of the land north of the Harbor Terrace development should be considered for use by the Port San Luis Harbor District for boat storage
• The San Miguelito Mutual Water Company lease with HomeFed for waste water facilities should be evaluated for, at a minimum, screening, location and technology, as part of any land transfer of Wild Cherry Canyon
• The disposal of Diablo Canyon Lands should recognize PG&E’s fiduciary responsibility to their ratepayers and shareholders
• The acquisition of Diablo Canyon Lands from PG&E should consider a variety of funding mechanisms including: state bond funds, private donations, decommission-related permit mitigation measures, and compensatory processes via regulatory agencies such as the CPUC
• The 1,200 acres near Point San Luis should be deed restricted by PG&E consistent with conditions established by the California Coastal Commission

Cultural Heritage
• The importance and legacy of the Native American community to the Diablo Canyon Lands, including methods to provide acquisition or access to those lands should be explored
• The preservation of cultural and archeological sites and artifacts, including burial grounds should be ensured
• The transfer, by easement or fee title, of a portion of the Diablo Canyon Lands for exclusive use by the Native American community should be considered, with protection by conservation easement or other such means that would allow limited development consistent with local zoning and the preservation of environmental and cultural resources in perpetuity
Recommendations
Diablo Canyon Decommissioning Engagement Panel

- Recommend that a letter to CPUC be prepared seeking the lifting of the CPUC order prohibiting PG&E from taking action regarding the Diablo Canyon Lands, for the specific purpose of enabling conservation discussions for Wild Cherry Canyon and other Diablo Canyon Lands with conservation entities to proceed before decommissioning.

Land Transfer and Use

- Recommend that the CPUC ensure that transfer of Diablo Canyon Lands that are subject to their authority is to a governmental, Native American non-profit and/or land conservancy entity or entities that are experienced in and management for the purposes of resource conservation and managed public access.
- Recommend that PG&E publicly announce its intention to collaborate with interested parties to conserve the Diablo Canyon Lands when the CPUC order is lifted.
- Recommend that the CPUC direct PG&E to ensure that a management/access plan for the Diablo Canyon Lands is developed when transferring land that at a minimum includes, a multi-use non-motorized trail system, restricted access in the sensitive intertidal zone, low intensity rotational grazing, habitat restoration, protection of cultural sites and consideration of minimizing traffic through surrounding communities times of peak traffic.
- Recommend that a conservation entity or entities reinstate negotiations with PG&E/Eureka Energy and HomeFed and sign an option agreement for the acquisition of land interests on Wild Cherry Canyon for public or non-profit conservation ownership and management.
- Recommend that a conservation entity or entities begin the appraisal process of Wild Cherry Canyon, so that funding sources can be identified and pursued.
- Recommend that a conservation entity or entities coordinate with the Land Conservancy of San Luis Obispo County, State Parks, Bureau of Land Management, the Andre Ranch owners, and PG&E on the design and creation of at least two multi-use trails that would include an interior trail and a coastal trail.
- Recommend a conservation entity or entities begin negotiations with PG&E/Eureka Energy on the acquisition of the Diablo Canyon Lands (outside of Wild Cherry Canyon), for public or non-profit conservation ownership and management.
- Recommend that PG&E make all existing biological, geological and archeological data available to conservation entities upon land transfer.
- Recommend that PG&E complete the deed restriction for the 1,200 acres near Point San Luis consistent with conditions established by the California Coastal Commission.

Cultural Heritage

- Recommend that the CPUC ensure any future owners of Diablo Canyon Lands develop management/access plans that ensure the protection, preservation of, and education about, cultural heritage and sacred Native American sites.
- Recommend that the CPUC ensure that any land transfer to Native Americans be subject to a conservation easement that would allow limited development consistent with local zoning and the preservation of environmental and cultural resources.
- Recommend that PG&E and the Native American community explore ways that both the goals of conservation and managed public use of the Diablo Canyon Lands and the needs of the local Native Americans can be achieved.
**D. Repurposing of Diablo Canyon Facilities**

The DCPP site comprises more than just the containment structures for the reactors and the turbine building where electricity is generated. The site also has other structures including office buildings, warehouses, training facilities, maintenance shops, a marina and breakwaters, which could be maintained and repurposed for a number of uses. The DCDEP supports maximum repurposing of non-contaminated existing facilities, if such repurposing is sustainable and does not compromise public safety and the environmental quality of the region. The repurposing of these facilities could create opportunities to minimize the costs of decommissioning by avoiding dismantling and removal, while promoting future uses that involve job creation, economic development and other public benefits consistent with public safety and the environmental quality of the region. It will also decrease the amount of dismantled facility debris transported, minimizing the potential traffic conflicts through Avila Beach and on other local streets and highways. Through these vision statements, goals and recommendations, it is the intent of the DCDEP to offer repurposing of Diablo Canyon facilities as an alternative to demolition.

**Vision Statements**

- The maintenance of non-contaminated facilities on site for repurposing should be explored by PG&E
- The repurposing of facilities should be consistent with the safety and security of the spent fuel storage until such time as it is removed from the site
- The repurposing of facilities should include thorough and complete removal of all radiological contamination
The repurposing of facilities should consider whether a use can be sustained over time, public safety, community traffic concerns and the continued environmental quality of the region.

The repurposing of facilities should consider the conservation of the breakwaters and associated harbor area and the intake and discharge coves and associated marine terraces, to assure the protection of the ecological resources of the area.

The repurposing of facilities should only include land associated with Parcel P that is developed and necessary for a buffer of ongoing decommissioning activities.

**Goals**

**Existing Facilities**

- The buildings and structures should be repurposed, provided a proposed use can be sustained over time, safety is not compromised and the environmental quality of the community is assured.
- The preparation of a detailed list of assets available for repurposing, including a description of the facility, the type of facility (i.e., office, warehouse, etc), square footage of the facility, age of the facility, and when the facility would become available for repurposing should be prepared by PG&E.
- The development of a strategy for management of the facilities should be completed by PG&E at the earliest possible time so potential repurposing tenants can be appropriately determined and advance planning for transfer and reuse can occur.
- The maintenance of all facilities by PG&E should occur until such time as the facilities are repurposed to ensure that the facilities do not degrade over time.
- The construction of infill development on Parcel P should be allowed provided safety is not compromised and the environmental quality of the community is maintained.
- The Diablo Canyon Lands associated with Parcel P that are not developed and are not necessary for a buffer of ongoing activities should be released for open space and conservation.
- The future use of repurposed facilities should not generate substantial traffic through surrounding communities during times of peak traffic.
- The continued use of the desalination plant beyond decommissioning should be planned for by PG&E to allow for provision of on-site water to repurposing tenants.
- The potential use of the desalination plant for provision of emergency water to local water purveyors should be considered.

**Marine Facilities**

- The breakwaters and associated harbor should remain in place consistent with the environmental quality and safety of the area and region.
- The harbor area should be managed in a manner consistent with the protection of the existing habitat.
- The harbor should be available as a “safe harbor” to boaters in distress.
- The discharge cove should be studied by qualified individuals to fully understand and remove any potential radiological contamination during and after decommissioning.
- The long-term health of the marine ecosystem and coastal areas should continue to be monitored by PG&E throughout the decommissioning process.
Specific Uses

- The potential for a public-private collaborative research and development facility (National Laboratory) with emphasis on marine sciences, renewable energy development technologies, energy storage, optimum storage for irradiated waste, desalinization and other technology innovation should be further investigated by PG&E
- The granting of a long-term lease or purchase with favorable terms for Native American tribal use for office, storage and tribal meetings/gatherings should be considered
- The use of the Ontario Road facility and parking as a Visitor Education Center, which highlights local history including Chumash culture, energy education and natural history should be considered
- The use of the existing parking lot at the Ontario Road facility for shuttle or bus service to the Diablo Canyon Lands should be considered
- The use of the facilities for an innovative mental health treatment center should be investigated

Recommendations

Existing Facilities

- Recommend that the CPUC encourage PG&E to repurpose as many buildings and assets as feasible without compromising public safety, and considering community traffic concerns and the continued environmental quality of the region
- Recommend that PG&E prepare a list of all buildings and assets available for repurposing, including detailed descriptions of the facility, the type of facility (ie: office, warehouse, etc), square footage of the facility, age of the facility, and when the facility would become available for repurposing
- Recommend that PG&E develop a comprehensive strategy for future use of the repurposed buildings
- Recommend that PG&E maintain all facilities until such time as the facilities are repurposed or determined to not be feasible for a sustainable repurposing tenant to ensure that the facilities do not degrade over time
- Recommend that construction of infill development on Parcel P be allowed provided safety is not compromised and the environmental quality of the community is maintained
- Recommend that PG&E identify undeveloped lands on Parcel P which could be released for open space and conservation, and release those lands as soon as feasible
- Recommend that the CPUC require PG&E or a successor interest incorporate into leases the requirement that uses not generate traffic through surrounding communities during times of peak traffic
- Recommend that PG&E maintain the existing desalination plant without compromising environmental quality

Marine Facilities

- Recommend that PG&E retain the breakwaters and associated harbor consistent with the environmental quality and safety of the area and region
- Recommend that PG&E require management of the harbor be accomplished in a manner that preserves the existing habitat and creates a safe harbour for boaters in distress
• Recommend that PG&E continue to monitor and study the harbor throughout the decommissioning process to ensure the sensitive marine habitat is preserved and there is no radiologic contamination

Specific Uses
• Recommend that PG&E investigate the potential for a public-private collaborative research and development facility (National Laboratory) with emphasis on marine sciences, renewable energy development technologies, energy storage, optimum storage for irradiated waste, desalination and other technology innovation as soon as possible
• Recommend that PG&E consider granting a long-term lease or purchase with favorable terms for Native American tribal use of existing facilities for, at a minimum, an office, storage and tribal meetings/gatherings
• Recommend that PG&E consider use of the Ontario Road facility and parking as a Visitor Education Center, which highlights local history including local Native American culture, energy education and natural history
• Recommend that the existing parking area at the Ontario Road facility be maintained for shuttle or bus service to the Diablo Canyon Lands
• Recommend that PG&E investigate the possibility of repurposing of facilities for innovative uses including, but not limited to, wildlife rescue and rehabilitation, wind or other renewable energy, business incubators, clean technology startups and California State University and/or University of California research facilities
• Recommend that PG&E investigate the possibility of an innovative mental health treatment center
ALTERNATIVE VISION: CPUC SHOULD CHARTER A MORE ROBUST & SUSTAINABLE DECOMMISSIONING ADVISORY PANEL (Vision of Alex Karlin – November 14, 2018)

In Dec 2018 – PG&E starts 15+ month RATEMAKING seeking $4+ Billion for decommissioning.

Actual Decommissioning = Very Long, Complex, & Highly Regulated: 20-60 year process

Decommissioning will have Huge Impact on SLO Community.

Alternative Vision: As part of 2018 Ratemaking - CPUC should charter a more robust and sustainable Decommissioning Advisory Panel (DAP). Not just fund the DCDEP.

WHY? DCDEP lacks independence & resources. Community Needs Much More Robust and Sustainable DAP that can be Vigilant for the Long Haul (20+ yr) of Decommissioning.

Independence: DAP Members Should Have Greater Independence:
Govt Officials and individuals appointed by Govt. Not by the regulated entity.
Govt Officials can tap into Govt technical & administrative resources.
Govt Officials not dependent on PG&E for all answers.

Horsepower: Not just volunteers - this will be part of Govt official’s jobs.
Staying power for the Long Haul (20+ yrs) – Longer & Broader viewpoint.

More Representative: Govts actually represent constituents

Save Money: Replace DCISC, DCDEP, IPRP with ONE strong & dedicated entity.

Get it Right: CPUC can get DAP right “at the outset.” Not just bless PG&E’s DCDEP.

Limitations of DCDEP: Volunteers with limited time, limited tenure, limited knowledge, & no institutional resources. Members selected (directly or indirectly) by PG&E process.

Benchmarks for stronger DAPs: SONGS, Vermont Yankee, Indian Point NY, Pilgrim MA.

Recommended Membership of DAP: Mostly Elected Officials, Regulatory Agencies. Some Labor, Native American, Environmental, Public Interest, Technically knowledgeable individuals.

CPUC Charter would provide stronger credibility and assure fair & open processes:
CPUC Establish the charter & provide resources to support it (ala DCISC).
CPUC Nominate and appoint members in a publicly operated process (ala DCISC)
CPUC Establish procedures for conduct of meetings & decision-making (ala DCISC)
CPUC Establish procedures to avoid conflicts of interest (ala DCISC)
CPUC Establish legal requirements for Open Meetings & public participation.