PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3298

November 9, 2010

Ms. Jane K. Yura
Vice President, Regulation and Rates
Pacific Gas and Electric Company
77 Beale Street, Mail Code B10B
P.O. Box 770000
San Francisco, CA 94177

Subject: Advice Letter 3659-E

Dear Ms. Yura:

On April 30, 2010, Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) filed a Tier-2 Advice Letter to comply with D.02-10-062, D.03-12-062, D.04-07-028, D.04-01-050, D.04-12-048 and D.07-12-052. Contained in the advice letter filing was the Procurement Transaction Quarterly Compliance Report (QCR) for period January through March 2010 (Q1-2010).

On May 20, 2010, Division of Ratepayer Advocates (DRA) filed a protest to Advice Letter (AL) 3659-E, requesting the Commission to "reject the advice letter without prejudice because the Advice Letter does not provide sufficient information for DRA to assess the adequacy of the filing". DRA attached additional confidential information it requires to perform its analyses.

On May 27, 2010, PG&E filed a reply to DRA's protest, stating that "DRA can propound additional data requests on PG&E if it seeks information not otherwise required to be provided in the confidential QCR attachments or not otherwise provided in the existing DRA QCR master data request". PG&E provided replies to the specific issues raised in DRA's confidential attachment.

DRA is pursuing its data request to PG&E for additional information. The information requested by DRA should not prevent the approval of this advice letter. If DRA is not able to get the information from PG&E, it may return to the Commission.

For the reason stated above, Energy Division rejects DRA's protest and approves PG&E's AL 3659-E.

Sincerely,

Ken Lem for Julie Fitch

Julie Fitch
Director, Energy Division

Cc: Robert Strauss - CPUC Energy Division
Maria Salinas, Honesto Gatchalian - CPUC Energy Division
Joseph Abhulimen – CPUC Division of Ratepayer Advocates
Linda Tom-Martinez – PG&E

Jane K. Yura
Vice President
Regulation and Rates

Pacific Gas and Electric Company
77 Beale St., Mail Code B10B
P.O. Box 770000
San Francisco, CA 94177

Fax: 415-973-6520

April 30, 2010

Advice 3659-E
(Pacific Gas and Electric Company ID U 39 E)

Public Utilities Commission of the State of California

Subject: **Procurement Transaction Quarterly Compliance Filing (Q1, 2010)**

Pacific Gas and Electric Company ("PG&E") hereby submits to the California Public Utilities Commission ("Commission" or "CPUC") its compliance filing for the first quarter of 2010, pursuant to PG&E's Conformed 2006 Long-Term Procurement Plan, submitted in Advice 3233-E and amended by Advice 3233-E-A. PG&E's submittal of this Procurement Transaction Quarterly Compliance Report (QCR) for record period January through March 2010 (Q1-2010)[1] is in accordance with Decision (D.) 03-12-062, Ordering Paragraph 19, which requires that the Quarterly Procurement Plan Compliance Reports be submitted within 30 days of the end of the quarter.

Background

D.07-12-052 directed Energy Division and the Investor Owned Utilities (IOUs) to continue the collaborative effort to develop a reformatted QCR. The Commission authorized Energy Division to implement a reformatted QCR and to make ministerial changes to the content and format of the report as needs arise. Energy Division and the IOUs have finalized the QCR format. PG&E's submittal of its first Quarter 2010 QCR is in the final format authorized by Energy Division on December 15, 2008.

Compliance Items

An Attachment (the narrative) with supporting Confidential Appendices conforms to the reformatted QCR and is being submitted to the Energy Division.

The supporting Confidential Appendices are:

[1] PG&E's 2006 Conformed Long-Term Procurement Plan, Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. 87.

Appendix A –	First Quarter 2010 Transactions
Appendix B –	First Quarter 2010 Counter-Party Information
Appendix C –	First Quarter 2010 Electric Transactions
Appendix D –	First Quarter 2010 Gas Transactions
Appendix E –	First Quarter 2010 Other Transactions
Appendix F –	First Quarter 2010 Key Briefing Packages
Appendix G –	First Quarter 2010 RFO Independent Evaluator Reports
Appendix H –	First Quarter 2010 New Contracts Executed/Amended
Appendix I –	Summary of Retained Generation Investments Completed During First Quarter 2010
Appendix J –	System Load Requirements/Conditions
Appendix K –	Risk Management Strategy Communication and Management Disclosure
Appendix L –	Reasonable Number of Analyses Models, Description of Models, and How Models Operate
Appendix M –	Transactions Subject to Strong Showing

Protests

Anyone wishing to protest this filing may do so by letter sent via U.S. mail, by facsimile or electronically, any of which must be received no later than **May 20, 2010**, which is 20 days after the date of this filing. The protest must state the grounds upon which it is based, including such items as financial and service impact, and should be submitted expeditiously. Protests should be mailed to:

CPUC Energy Division
Tariff Files, Room 4005
DMS Branch
505 Van Ness Avenue
San Francisco, California 94102

Facsimile: (415) 703-2200
E-mail: jnj@cpuc.ca.gov and mas@cpuc.ca.gov

Copies of protests also should be mailed to the attention of the Director, Energy Division, Room 4004, at the address shown above.

The protest also should be sent via U.S. mail to (and by facsimile and electronically, if possible) to PG&E at the address shown below on the same date it is mailed or delivered to the Commission:

Jane K. Yura
Vice President, Regulatory Relations
Pacific Gas and Electric Company
77 Beale Street, Mail Code B10B
P.O. Box 770000
San Francisco, California 94177

Facsimile: (415) 973-6520
E-mail: PGETariffs@pge.com

Effective Date

In accordance with D.02-10-062, the effective date of this advice letter is **April 30, 2010**.

Notice

In accordance with General Order 96-B, Section IV, a copy of this advice letter excluding the confidential appendices is being sent electronically and via U.S. mail to parties shown on the attached list and the service lists for Rulemaking (R.) 01-10-024 and R.04-04-003. Address changes to the General Order 96-B service list and all electronic approvals should be sent to e-mail PGETariffs@pge.com. Advice letter filings can also be accessed electronically at: http://www.pge.com/tariffs.

Jane Yura /emt

Vice President – Regulation and Rates

cc: Service List - R.01-10-024 and R.04-04-003
PG&E's Procurement Review Group

Attachments

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ADVICE LETTER FILING SUMMARY
ENERGY UTILITY

MUST BE COMPLETED BY UTILITY (Attach additional pages as needed)

Company name/CPUC Utility No. **Pacific Gas and Electric Company (ID U39 M)**

Utility type:	Contact Person: Linda Tom-Martinez
☑ ELC ☑ GAS	Phone #: (415) 973-4612
☐ PLC ☐ HEAT ☐ WATER	E-mail: lmt1@pge.com

EXPLANATION OF UTILITY TYPE	(Date Filed/ Received Stamp by CPUC)
ELC = Electric GAS = Gas	
PLC = Pipeline HEAT = Heat WATER = Water	

Advice Letter (AL) #: **3659-E** **Tier:** 2

Subject of AL: Procurement Transaction Quarterly Compliance Filing (Q1, 2010)

Keywords (choose from CPUC listing): Procurement, Compliance

AL filing type: ☐ Monthly ☑ Quarterly ☐ Annual ☐One-Time ☐ Other ____________________________

If AL filed in compliance with a Commission order, indicate relevant Decision/Resolution #: D.02-10-062

Does AL replace a withdrawn or rejected AL? If so, identify the prior AL: No

Summarize differences between the AL and the prior withdrawn or rejected AL[1]: ____________________

Is AL requesting confidential treatment? If so, what information is the utility seeking confidential treatment for: Yes. See page 2 of advice letter for the complete list of confidential information.

Confidential information will be made available to those who have executed a nondisclosure agreement: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Name(s) and contact information of the person(s) who will provide the nondisclosure agreement and access to the confidential information: John Whitlow (415) 973-1127

Resolution Required? ☐ Yes ☑ No

Requested effective date: **4/30/2010** No. of tariff sheets: N/A

Estimated system annual revenue effect (%): N/A

Estimated system average rate effect (%): N/A

When rates are affected by AL, include attachment in AL showing average rate effects on customer classes (residential, small commercial, large C/I, agricultural, lighting).

Tariff schedules affected: N/A

Service affected and changes proposed[1]: N/A

Pending advice letters that revise the same tariff sheets: N/A

Protests, dispositions, and all other correspondence regarding this AL are due no later than 20 days after the date of this filing, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission, and shall be sent to:

CPUC, Energy Division
Tariff Files, Room 4005
DMS Branch
505 Van Ness Ave.,
San Francisco, CA 94102
jnj@cpuc.ca.gov and mas@cpuc.ca.gov

Pacific Gas and Electric Company
Attn: Jane K. Yura
Vice President, Regulation and Rates
77 Beale Street, Mail Code B10B
P.O. Box 770000
San Francisco, CA 94177
E-mail: PGETariffs@pge.com

ADVICE LETTER FILING OF
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY (U 39 E)

DECLARATION OF JOHN WHITLOW IN SUPPORT OF ADVICE LETTER FILING 3659-E,THE FIRST QUARTER 2010 QUARTERLY PROCUREMENT TRANSACTION COMPLIANCE REPORT

I, John R. Whitlow, declare:

1. I am a Senior Analyst of the Energy Policy, Planning, and Analysis Department within the Energy Procurement Department at Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E). I am responsible for the coordination of the quarterly procurement transaction compliance report and related data. In carrying out these responsibilities, I have acquired knowledge of the transactions identified, in PG&E's electric portfolio, which are the subject of this advice letter. I have reviewed PG&E's response to the data request from the Division of Ratepayer Advocates (DRA) and was responsible for supervision of the preparation of the related attachments. I am familiar with the information included in this response, and would testify to the facts and representations in this declaration under oath based on personal knowledge, experience, information, and belief.

2. Based on my knowledge and experience, and in accordance with the "Administrative Law Judge's Ruling Clarifying Interim Procedures For Complying With Decision 06-06-066," issued in Rulemaking 05-06-040 on August 22, 2006, I make this declaration seeking confidential treatment for certain information in a specific attachment in Advice Letter 3659-E, submitted on April 30, 2010.

3. Attached to this declaration is a matrix identifying the data and information for which PG&E is seeking confidential treatment. The matrix specifies that the material PG&E is seeking to protect constitutes the particular type of data and information listed in Appendix 1 (the "IOU Matrix") of Decision 06-06-066. The matrix also specifies the category or categories in the IOU Matrix to which the data and information corresponds, and why confidential protection is justified. Finally, the matrix specifies that: (1) PG&E is complying with the

limitations specified in the IOU Matrix for that type of data or information; (2) the information is not already public; and (3) the data cannot be aggregated, redacted, summarized or otherwise protected in a way that allows partial disclosure. By this reference, I am incorporating into this declaration all of the explanatory text that is pertinent to my testimony in the attached matrix.

I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of California, that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on April 30, 2010, at San Francisco, California.

/s/

JOHN R. WHITLOW

1	**PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY**							
2	**Document: Advice 3659-E**							
3	**IDENTIFICATION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION PER DECISION 06-06-066**							
4	**Date: April 30, 2010**							
5								
6	**Redaction Reference**	**1) The material submitted constitutes a particular type of data listed in the Matrix, appended as Appendix 1 to D.06-06-066 (Y/N)**	**2) Which category or categories in the Matrix the data correspond to:**	**3) That it is complying with the limitations on confidentiality specified in the Matrix for that type of data (Y/N)**	**4) That the information is not already public (Y/N)**	**5) The data cannot be aggregated, redacted, summarized, masked or otherwise protected in a way that allows partial disclosure (Y/N)**	**PG&E's Justification for Confidential Treatment**	**Length of Time**
7	Confidential Attachment A	Y	Page 13, Item VI, Open Net Position (Electric)	Y	N	N	Reveals PG&E's position in the energy procurement market. Identification of strategies-leading to transactions that close our net open position.	3 yrs
8		Y	Page 2, Item I.A.4 - Long-term fuel (gas) buying and hedging plans; Page 3, Item II.B.2 Utility recorded gas procurement and cost information	Y	N	N	Identification of hedging strategies.	3 yrs
9	Confidential Attachment B	Y	Under Public Utilities Code Section 583 and General Order 66-C	N	N	N	Strategies provide specific strategy that PG&E employes for closing its net open position, including specific planned purchasing strategy.	No quantification in GO 66-C
10	Confidential Attachment C	Y	Page 13, Item VI, Open Net Position; (Electric)	Y	N	N	Reveals PG&E's position in the energy procurement market. Identification of strategies-leading to transactions that close our net open position.	3 yrs
11	Confidential Attachment D	Y	Page 2, Item I.A.4 - Long-term fuel (gas) buying and hedging plans; Page 3, Item II.B.2 Utility recorded gas procurement and cost information	Y	N	N	Identification of hedging strategies.	3 yrs
12	Confidential Attachment E		N/A					

1	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY							
2	Document: Advice 3659-E							
3	IDENTIFICATION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION PER DECISION 06-06-066							
4	Date: April 30, 2010							
5								
6	**Redaction Reference**	**1) The material submitted constitutes a particular type of data listed in the Matrix, appended as Appendix 1 to D.06-06-066 (Y/N)**	**2) Which category or categories in the Matrix the data correspond to:**	**3) That it is complying with the limitations on confidentiality specified in the Matrix for that type of data (Y/N)**	**4) That the information is not already public (Y/N)**	**5) The data cannot be aggregated, redacted, summarized, masked or otherwise protected in a way that allows partial disclosure (Y/N)**	**PG&E's Justification for Confidential Treatment**	**Length of Time**
13	Confidential Attachment F	Y	Page 15, Section VII - Bilateral Contract Terms and Conditions - Electric, Section B - Contracts and power purchase agreements between utilities and non-affiliated third parties (except RPS) and Public Utilities Code 583 and General Order 66-C	Y	N	N	Presentations specifically relate to bilateral agreements between PG&E and counterparties	3 yrs
		Y	Page 2, Item I.A.4 - Long-term fuel (gas) buying and hedging plans; Page 3, Item II.B.2 Utility recorded gas procurement and cost information	Y	N	N	Identification of hedging strategies.and transactions	3 yrs
14	Confidential Attachment G	Y	Page 15, Section VII - Bilateral Contract Terms and Conditions - Electric, Section B - Contracts and power purchase agreements between utilities and non-affiliated third parties (except RPS) and Public Utilities Code 583 and General Order 66-C	Y	N	N	Specific agreements related to price, counterparty, and volumes	3 yrs
15	Confidential Attachment H	Y	Page 15, Section VII - Bilateral Contract Terms and Conditions - Electric, Section B - Contracts and power purchase agreements between utilities and non-affiliated third parties (except RPS) and Public Utilities Code 583 and General Order 66-C	Y	N	N	Specific agreements related to price, counterparty, and volumes	3 yrs
16	Confidential Attachment I		N/A					

1	**PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY**							
2	**Document: Advice 3659-E**							
3	**IDENTIFICATION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION PER DECISION 06-06-066**							
4	**Date: April 30, 2010**							
5								
6	**Redaction Reference**	**1) The material submitted constitutes a particular type of data listed in the Matrix, appended as Appendix 1 to D.06-06-066 (Y/N)**	**2) Which category or categories in the Matrix the data correspond to:**	**3) That it is complying with the limitations on confidentiality specified in the Matrix for that type of data (Y/N)**	**4) That the information is not already public (Y/N)**	**5) The data cannot be aggregated, redacted, summarized, masked or otherwise protected in a way that allows partial disclosure (Y/N)**	**PG&E's Justification for Confidential Treatment**	**Length of Time**
17	Confidential Attachment J	Y	Page 22, Item XIII, Energy Division Monthly Data Request (electric)	Y	N	N	Identification of amounts that contribute to the Monthly Energy Division Report and identification	
		Y	Page 2, Item I.A.4 - Long-term fuel (gas) buying and hedging plans; Page 3, Item II.B.2 Utility recorded gas procurement and cost information	Y	N	N	Identification of hedging strategies.	3 yrs
18	Confidential Attachment K	N	Under Public Utilities Code Section 583 and General Order 66-C	N	N	N	Strategies provide specific strategy that PG&E employes for closing its net open position, including specific planned purchasing strategy.	No quantification in GO 66-C
19	Confidential Attachment L	N	Under Public Utilities Code Section 583 and General Order 66-C	N	N	N	Strategies provide specific strategy that PG&E employes for closing its net open position, including specific planned purchasing strategy.	No quantification in GO 66-C
20	Confidential Attachment M	N	Under Public Utilities Code Section 583 and General Order 66-C	N	N	N	Strategies provide specific strategy that PG&E employes for closing its net open position, including specific planned purchasing strategy.	No quantification in GO 66-C

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

PROCUREMENT PLAN COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE FIRST QUARTER OF 2010

April 30, 2010

List of Attachments

A. Introduction

As required by Ordering Paragraph 8 of Decision (D.) 02-10-062, and clarified in D.03-06-076, D.03-12-062, D.04-07-028, D.04-12-048 and D.07-12-052, Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) hereby provides its report demonstrating that its procurement-related transactions during the period January 1, 2010 through March 31, 2010, were in compliance with the latest California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC or Commission)-approved Assembly Bill 57 Long-Term Procurement Plan (Plan) adopted by the Commission in D.07-12-052, effective December 21, 2007, and were in compliance with the most recent hedging authority as approved on October 29, 2009, by Resolution E-4276.

Material deviations from the Plan are explained herein or in a separate letter to be filed with this advice letter.

B. Summary

During the First Quarter, PG&E engaged in competitively priced transactions consistent with its Plan. All transactions were conducted using processes specified in the Plan. Any transactions executed with affiliates would be disclosed in Confidential Attachment A, *Transactions*; however, no transactions were executed with affiliates during the First Quarter. All non-investment grade counterparties that PG&E transacted with during the First Quarter are shown in Confidential Attachment B, *Counterparty Information*. Furthermore, the top 10 counterparties transacted with by volume are also listed in Confidential Attachment B, *Counterparty Information.*

Confidential Attachment C, *Electric Transactions Summary* and Confidential Attachment D, *Natural Gas Transactions Summary* are summaries of the electric and gas transactions executed during the Quarter. Confidential Attachment E, *First Quarter 2010 Other Transactions*, is a summary of any additional transactions that occurred during the Quarter. There were no *Other Transactions* executed during the First Quarter. The quantities shown in these attachments are based on the delivery period specified in the transactions. Therefore, volumes received during the First Quarter pursuant to transactions executed in prior quarters are excluded. Also excluded are transactions in the California Independent System Operator's (CAISO) integrated forward, real-time and ancillary services markets, since these transactions are, for the most part, made by the CAISO on behalf of PG&E and are made without regard to the Plan.[1]

C. Master Data Request Documentation

D.02-10-062, Appendix B, as clarified by D.03-06-076, sets forth specific elements to be addressed in this report. Each element is discussed below.

1. Identification of the ultimate decision maker(s) up to the Board level, approving the transactions.

All procurement-related activity during the Quarter was approved and executed either by, or under the direction of Fong Wan, Senior Vice President, Energy Procurement, Roy Kuga, Vice President, Energy Supply Management, or Steven Malnight, Vice President, Renewable Energy consistent with the delegation of authority effective for the period.

2. The briefing package provided to the ultimate decision maker.

The "decision-maker" for a particular contemplated transaction depends on many factors, including term, volume, notional value, etc. For many of the transactions during the Quarter, the "decision-maker" was a gas or power transaction employee executing transactions (e.g., day-ahead or hour-ahead power purchases and sales) per an established plan or to achieve a particular objective (such as balancing the portfolio supply and demand). For such transactions, briefing packages are not prepared. Briefing packages prepared during the Quarter for large or unusual transactions that required senior management approval are included in Confidential Attachment F, *First Quarter 2010 Key Briefing Packages*.

In addition, copies of presentations made by PG&E to its Procurement Review Group (PRG) during the Quarter are included in Confidential Attachment F, *First Quarter 2010 Key Briefing Packages*. To the extent that senior management decision-maker briefing packages are the same as presentations made to the PRG, presentations are marked to reflect this fact.

[1] All CAISO real-time transactions are excluded from the Quarterly Compliance Report (QCR) process; other real-time transactions are included as applicable.

3. Description of and justification for the procurement processes used to select the transactions.

a) Electric

Description of Procurement Processes

The approved procurement processes used during the Quarter were as follows:

- CAISO Monthly Congestion Revenue Right (CRR) Allocation and Auction Process – In January, PG&E participated in Tier 1 and Tier 2 of the CAISO's monthly allocation process and the CAISO's monthly auction process to procure CRRs for February 2010. In February, PG&E participated in Tier 1 and Tier 2 of the CAISO's monthly allocation process and the CAISO's monthly auction process to procure CRRs for March 2010. In March, PG&E participated in Tier 1 and Tier 2 of the CAISO's monthly allocation process and the CAISO's monthly auction process to procure CRRs for April 2010.
- Voice and On-Line Brokers – PG&E continued the use of voice and on-line broker-markets for non-standard products, such as trading in the day-ahead market for individual hours, blocks or strips of hours, on specific days of the week as well as standard products during First Quarter 2010.
- Electronic Exchanges – PG&E engaged in electronic broker market transactions to manage its physical net open position and to participate in economic transactions designed to reduce ratepayer's exposure to market volatility. Transactions include forward transactions with deliveries starting within the next quarter and up to one quarter in duration, monthly, balance of month (BOM), day-ahead, and hour-ahead transactions.
- Bilateral - Direct with Counterparties – While PG&E executes the majority of its transactions through brokers and electronic exchanges, there are instances when PG&E transacts directly with counterparties. These transactions may include intra-day, day-ahead, and forward transactions.

b) Justification for Procurement Processes

For competitive solicitations, describe the process used to rank offers and select winning bid(s).

- During the first quarter, no new Request for Offers (RFO) were issued subject to approval via this quarterly advice letter, and no RFO contracts were executed subject to approval via this quarterly advice letter.

For other transactional methods, provide the documentation supporting the selection of the chosen products.

- CAISO Monthly CRR Allocation and Auction Process – PG&E determined that with the implementation of the CAISO's Market Redesign and Technology Upgrade (MRTU), PG&E would be exposed to congestion risk on the electric transmission grid as power is delivered from its generating resources and imports to serve bundled customer load. PG&E estimated that a portion of its generation, imports and load in the months of February, March, and April 2010 remained exposed to congestion risk, and therefore it participated in the CAISO's Monthly Allocation and Auction Process to obtain CRRs to mitigate this risk. PG&E sought CRRs to fulfill the following objectives: (1) narrow the distribution of the Utility's energy procurement costs due to electric transmission congestion as measured by the electric To-expiration-Value-at-Risk (TeVaR), and (2) reduce the expected congestion costs that the Utility would incur in its operations. Furthermore, PG&E sought only CRRs that were consistent with the Utility's actual congestion position, instead of seeking the CRRs with the highest market value irrespective of the Utility's needs. Therefore, only known portfolio positions, including existing and executed supply arrangements, were considered in the selection of CRR candidates in the monthly CRR allocation and auction process. In all its detailed analysis and CRR selection strategy, PG&E used Locational Marginal Pricing (LMP) congestion prices and risk characteristics from CAISO's CRR auctions and studies, as well as an internal assessment of LMP congestion prices. PG&E provided information regarding its CRR strategy to the PRG.

- Voice and On-Line Brokers, Electronic Exchanges, and Bilateral – Direct with Counterparties – The dynamic environment of the short-term electric markets requires that traders have the ability to transact when market conditions are within parameters described by a particular trading strategy. The structure that allows for trading in this type of environment is built around standard enabling agreements such as Edison Electric Institute and Western Systems Power Pool, counterparties that can be contacted directly, and brokers that solicit bids from potential buyers and offers from potential sellers that allows for market transparency and enhances market efficiency. When a buyer's bid and seller's offer match, a transaction can be executed. The standing enabling agreement between the counterparties allows the transaction to be executed, and the broker (voice or on-line) matches the buyer with the seller. Soliciting bids and offers in this fashion is what constitutes the electric market. Prices vary during a trading session as buyers and sellers adjust their prices in response to items such as electric system conditions, market responses, industry news and weather forecasts. As a result, it is common to see trades executed at different prices over the course of a trading session. The key aspect is that the transaction was executed within the parameters described by the trading strategy. PG&E maintains flexibility in its procurement activities by transacting in various forums, e.g., voice and on-line brokers, electronic exchanges, and directly with counterparties. As not all counterparties participate in a single forum, transacting in various forums gives PG&E the opportunity to transact with many counterparties.

For all competitive solicitations that involve affiliate transactions or utility-owned or utility turnkey bids and for all competitive RFOs seeking products greater than two years in length (and subject to QCR filings) regardless of the bidders, Independent Evaluator (IE) Reports will be included in Confidential Attachment G, *First Quarter*

2010 Independent Evaluator Reports. For First Quarter 2010, there were no IE Reports related to electric products.

For transactions subject to a strong showing standard per D.07-12-052, a discussion will be provided and the transactions will be disclosed separately in Confidential Attachment M, *Transactions Subject to a Strong Showing*. For First Quarter 2010, PG&E did not execute electric transactions that were subject to a strong showing.

Presentations of those activities presented to the PRG are in Confidential Attachment F, *First Quarter 2010 Key Briefing Packages.*

Executed agreements are in Confidential Attachment H, *First Quarter 2010 New Contracts Executed / Contracts Amended.* For First Quarter 2010, there were no executed agreements related to electric products that apply to this QCR.

c) Natural Gas

Description of Procurement Processes

The approved procurement processes used during the Quarter were as follows:

- Electronic Exchanges - Commodity Purchases/Sales – PG&E bought and sold physical natural gas on the Intercontinental Exchange (ICE) and the ICE Natural Gas Exchange (NGX) physical clearing service. ICE is an electronic system that matches buyers and sellers of natural gas products. Once buyer and seller are matched, ICE trades become bilateral trades. ICE/NGX trades are cleared by NGX rather than bilaterally. Transactions include forward transactions with deliveries starting within the next quarter and up to one quarter in duration, monthly, BOM, day-ahead, and same-day.
- Electronic Exchanges - Gas Hedges – PG&E executed hedges (swaps and options) directly on the ICE, and cleared through exchanges (ICE or the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX)). ICE and NYMEX provide access to anonymous bids and offers establishing both a liquid and robust market for financial products, and a benchmark for bilateral products. These products include Henry Hub swaps

and options, and basis swaps against the industry benchmark indices, including Canadian Gas Price Reporter (CGPR), Gas Daily, Natural Gas Intelligence (NGI) and Inside FERC.

- Bilateral - Commodity Purchases/Sales – PG&E buys and sells some gas directly with counterparties in the bilateral market. Day-ahead gas is traded at fixed prices and Gas Daily index. Term gas (BOM and longer) is purchased at fixed prices, daily index (Gas Daily) or bidweek index (CGPR, NGI, and Inside FERC).
- Bilateral – Liquids Extraction Services – On February 5, 2010, PG&E executed a letter agreement with Cochrane/Empress V Partnership (Cochrane) to provide PG&E liquids extraction services. Cochrane will extract liquid hydrocarbons from PG&E's gas stream flowing in Alberta, Canada. In exchange, Cochrane will pay PG&E based on index prices published by the Oil Price Information Service (OPIS).
- Voice Brokers - Gas Hedges – PG&E executed hedges (swaps and options) through voice brokers that resulted in bilateral and exchange-cleared trades. Brokers provide access to anonymous bids and offers from both bilateral parties and cleared counterparties. After a broker matches a buyer and a seller in a trade, the parties will determine whether the trade will be cleared bilaterally or cleared through NYMEX or ICE. The broker market trades the same financial products as the bilateral market.

d) Justification for Procurement Processes

For competitive solicitations, describe the process used to rank offers and select winning bid(s).

- For First Quarter 2010, PG&E did not conduct any solicitations for gas products.

For other transactional methods, provide the documentation supporting the selection of the chosen products.

- Electronic Exchanges - Commodity Purchases/Sales – ICE and ICE/NGX provide access to anonymous bids and offers establishing both a liquid and robust market for physical products, and benchmarks for bilateral products. PG&E makes extensive use of ICE and ICE/NGX for term, day-ahead and same-day gas.

- Electronic Exchanges - Gas Hedges – ICE and NYMEX provide access to anonymous bids and offers establishing both liquid and robust markets for financial products, and benchmark for bilateral products. PG&E makes extensive use of both exchanges for financial swaps and options.
- Bilateral - Commodity Purchases/Sales – PG&E uses the bilateral markets for physical gas trading to supplement spot gas trades on ICE/NGX and for delivery periods not actively traded on ICE or ICE/NGX (such as term gas). For spot gas, PG&E uses the real-time ICE bid/ask prices and the ICE weighted average price as a benchmark for trading. For term gas, PG&E trades at either Gas Daily or a bidweek index (CGPR, NGI, or Inside FERC).
- Bilateral – Liquids Extraction Services – On February 5, 2010, PG&E executed a letter agreement with Cochrane/Empress V Partnership (Cochrane) to provide PG&E liquids extraction services. Cochrane will extract liquid hydrocarbons from PG&E's gas stream flowing from AECO in Alberta, Canada. In exchange, Cochrane will pay PG&E for the liquids extracted based on index prices published by the OPIS. Cochrane is the only extraction facility operating to extract liquids from gas flowing to the Alberta/British Columbia border. Therefore, PG&E has two options regarding liquids from its gas stream flowing from Canada:
  (1) contract with Cochrane for liquid extraction services, and receive revenue, or
  (2) do not contract and receive no revenue. PG&E chose to enter into a contract with Cochrane and receive revenues that will offset customers' cost of natural gas for electricity production.
- Voice Brokers - Gas Hedges – PG&E uses voice brokers for gas financial trading to supplement trades directly through ICE, NYMEX. Voice brokers are beneficial because they are anonymous, offer a wide range of counterparties, and provide

critical price discovery across a wide variety of products. PG&E primarily uses voice brokers to trade products that are less liquid on ICE or NYMEX. PG&E tends to use ICE or NYMEX clearing services in conjunction with voice brokers in order to get the best prices—through clearing we can be matched with any counterparty without having to be concerned about counterparty credit risk. When trading through voice brokers, PG&E uses real-time ICE and NYMEX bid/ask and last trade prices as benchmarks for trading. In addition, voice brokers provide live bids and offers from anonymous buyers and sellers, very similar to the electronic exchanges.

For all competitive solicitations that involve affiliate transactions or utility-owned or utility turnkey bids and for all competitive RFOs seeking products greater than two years in length (and subject to QCR filings) regardless of the bidders, Independent Evaluator (IE) Reports will be included in Confidential Attachment G, *First Quarter 2010 Independent Evaluator Reports.* For First Quarter 2010, there were no IE Reports related to gas products.

For transactions subject to a strong showing standard per D.07-12-052, a discussion will be provided and the transactions will be disclosed separately in Confidential Attachment M, *Transactions Subject to a Strong Showing*. For First Quarter 2010, PG&E did not execute gas transactions that were subject to a strong showing.

Presentations of those activities presented to the PRG are in Confidential Attachment F, *First Quarter 2010 Key Briefing Packages*.

Executed agreements will be provided in Confidential Attachment H, *First Quarter 2010 New Contracts Executed / Contracts Amended.* For First Quarter 2010, there were executed agreements related to gas products that apply to this QCR.

e) Other Commodities

This section is not applicable to PG&E for First Quarter 2010.

4. Explanation/justification for the timing of the transactions.

Throughout the First Quarter, PG&E attempted to enter into electric transactions needed to reduce its net open position. This objective was achieved by gradually reducing the forecast open (i.e., short or long) energy positions through the use of products such as month-ahead, BOM, day-ahead, and hour-ahead transactions, etc., employing both standard and non-standard products. When selecting electric transactions, the best-priced bids/offers were selected first (merit-order selection) among those available for the required products at the time of the transaction, subject to credit and other limitations and operational constraints. Operational constraints include the local area reliability requirements of the CAISO, as set forth in D.04-07-028.

The timing of physical gas transactions was largely driven by the requirement to ensure that the delivery of fuel to the gas-fired electric facilities managed by PG&E matched such facilities' forecast burn.

Detailed explanation/justification for the timing of the transactions is included in the workpapers Confidential Attachment J.

5. Discussion of the system load requirements/conditions underlying the need for the Quarter's transactions.

a) Near-Term Planning and Procurement

PG&E develops a near-term analysis of its resource position (intra-month through several months forward) using an optimization model, which solves for lowest cost by optimizing a mix of resources to meet requirements, including dispatchable California Department of Water Resources (CDWR) contracts, Utility Retained Generation resources, Power Purchase Agreements with dispatchability, Tolling Arrangements with "Merchant Plants", and market purchases, while accounting for all resource requirements and constraints (must-run, must-take and operating constraints).

Term and BOM purchases and sales may be transacted to close the net open position and to reduce PG&E's reliance on the spot market. PG&E may also conduct locational basis spread transactions to manage its position at different delivery locations. After identifying transactions required to meet the must-run, must-take and operating constraints, PG&E considers "economic" transactions that involve decisions regarding dispatchable units and market purchases/sales. The decision to engage in "economic" transactions is more complex and depends on several quantitative and subjective factors. "Economic" transactions are conducted using information and data regarding system conditions, market prices and options available at the time of the decision. While potentially attractive "economic" transactions that reduce ratepayer volatility inherently include risks that must be considered, such as: (a) sharp swings in electric prices; (b) changes in production costs due to market dynamics; or (c) system changes, which may result in these transactions becoming more, or less, valuable, during the operating period or possible losses on hedge transactions. Additionally, changes in load or expected generation and other market and system conditions may result in having to buy (or sell) energy in the day-ahead or real-time markets at a cost greater than the revenue earned (or a price less than paid) in the forward transaction. Factors that go into the decision to engage in these transactions include (but are not limited to) the forecasted level of short/long energy during the forecasted period, sensitivity to changes in market price, reserve margins and demand volatility.

b) Day-Ahead Planning and Procurement

In day-ahead planning, PG&E strives to balance projected energy requirements with available resources and provide hour-ahead traders and real-time operators with appropriate resources in order to respond to changes that may occur on the electrical system subsequent to day-ahead trading. On a daily basis, PG&E conducts a least-cost analysis to forecast unit dispatch and determine market transactions to meet energy and ancillary services requirements. This process integrates all regulatory, environmental, safety and legal requirements.

PG&E's day-ahead planning and procurement incorporates weather-adjusted load forecasts, resource availability, dispatch costs and current bilateral electric market and forecasts of the CAISO's Integrated Forward Market (IFM) prices. The results of this analysis will determine the supply mix of CDWR contracts allocated to PG&E, PG&E-owned or controlled thermal and hydro generation, Qualifying Facilities (QF) and existing bilateral contracts, and market purchases. In determining its trading strategy, PG&E will "dispatch" resources in its model whose variable costs are expected to be below the CAISO's IFM market price, hedge a portion of the open position subject to the CAISO's IFM market price at the bilateral energy market price or, alternatively, sell excess energy in the bilateral energy market via financial swaps or Inter-SC Trades (IST).

After the bilateral day-ahead energy market trading is complete, PG&E submits its bids and schedules to the CAISO for incorporation into the CAISO's day-ahead IFM that ultimately determines generation resource schedules for the next day. The CAISO requires that scheduling coordinators schedule at least 85 percent of their load in the CAISO's day-ahead IFM.

While PG&E strives to go into the hour-ahead trading market and real-time operations with schedules as close to balanced as practicable, PG&E must also anticipate and plan for potential schedule changes. Between the day-ahead and hour-ahead market timeframes, changes in system conditions such as weather, transmission and resource availability are inevitable. Further, resources are "lumpy" when compared to load; hence, it is not always possible to perfectly balance schedules in every hour, which often results in excess energy during some hours while leaving PG&E short during other hours. To address these concerns, PG&E has contracted for resources that provide intra-day flexibility that will help to match changes in electric demand—such as sudden weather variations and other occurrences—that cause loads and resources to vary from day-ahead forecasts. These contracts contribute to system reliability as well as reduce incremental, decremental and other costs associated with the changes between day-ahead and hour-ahead forecasted conditions, and thereby reduce costs overall to consumers.

PG&E actively participates in the daily bilateral energy market using a combination of brokered transactions, exchange-based transactions and direct transactions with counterparties. Bilateral day-ahead trading generally occurs between 5:30 a.m. and 7 a.m. on the business day prior to the operating day. The bilateral day-ahead market continues to evolve in terms of participants, products and characteristics. The majority of transactions executed were either financial swaps or ISTs. PG&E transacts both products. PG&E executed transactions in the bilateral day-ahead market and participated in the CAISO's MRTU day-ahead market by bidding and scheduling its load and resources.

c) Hour-Ahead Planning and Procurement

"Hour-ahead" planning and procurement is somewhat of a misnomer since it effectively begins at the conclusion of day-ahead trading market. As day-ahead analysis and trading occurs early in the morning prior to the operating day, there can be substantial changes to operating day requirements. Additionally, PG&E prepares weather-adjusted load forecasts throughout the day in order to determine if changes in generation or system operation are required. Further, unit outages and transmission outages and constraints may also affect resource requirements prior to real-time. To balance its portfolio during this time frame, PG&E's hour-ahead staff has several resources at its disposal. Generation, including fossil, hydro, Helms PGP, certain QF generators, and CDWR contracts, may be adjusted at unique dispatch prices. Hour-ahead personnel will then optimize the portfolio, and based on operating requirements and market opportunity costs will decide if available generating resources should be adjusted to minimize system costs, and whether market transactions are required or beneficial.

The bilateral hour-ahead market, while active, is far less transparent and dynamic than that of the bilateral day-ahead market. As there are few brokers operating in this market and limited electronic exchange opportunities, the bulk of transactions are executed directly with counterparties. Market opportunities have been further reduced with the advent of MRTU and the volatility of the CAISO's real-time energy market. Though bilateral market opportunities have been reduced, PG&E still constantly participates in the hour-ahead market via bidding and scheduling its resources into the CAISO's real-time market in order to optimize its generation and market transactions to reduce costs.

d) Locational Spreads

During First Quarter 2010, PG&E did not engage in day-ahead locational spread transactions. This was primarily due to the MRTU market which reduced the need for PG&E to manage its physical position by executing locational spread transactions in the bilateral market.

e) PG&E-Owned Generation Conditions During First Quarter 2010

Dry conditions continued with only 93.6 percent of normal precipitation in the First Quarter. PG&E's conventional hydroelectric resources used natural runoff and withdrawals from storage to meet daily peak loads and to provide ancillary service reserves.

Helms Pumped Storage Project was used to meet peak daily loads and provide ancillary service reserves. Helms pumped throughout the quarter as system conditions and economics allowed. Pumping was limited by transmission work and unit maintenance. Multi-week annual maintenance was performed on each of the three Helms Units (404 MW each).

Significant planned maintenance on conventional hydro in the quarter included work on Balch 2 (54 MW), Butt Valley (40 MW), Caribou Units 1, 2, 3, and 4 (23 MW, 25 MW, 25 MW, and 60 MW, respectively), Colgate 1 (175 MW), Cresta (70 MW), Forbestown (39.2 MW), Kings River (52 MW), Pit 4 Units 1 & 2 (47.5 MW each), Pit 6 Units 1 & 2 (40 MW each), Pit 6 Units 1 & 2 (56 MW each), Poe Units 1 & 2 (60 MW each), and Salt Springs 2 (34 MW).

Significant forced outages on conventional hydro during the quarter included: Forbestown PH (39.2 MW) due to generator breaker and autosync relay trouble, James Black 1 (86 MW) due to exciter trouble, Poe Units 1 and 2 (60 MW each) due to leaking surface coolers.

For PG&E's retained fossil generation, both Humboldt Units 2 (53 MW) was forced out due to feedwater piping trouble, No significant planned or forced outages occurred at Gateway Generating Station.

No significant planned or forced outages took place at Diablo Canyon Power Plant (two units 1,150 MW each).

Confidential discussion of the monthly system conditions is included in Confidential Attachment J, *System Load Requirements / Conditions.*

6. Discussion of how the quarter's transactions meet the goals of the risk management strategy reflected in the Plan.

Throughout the Quarter, PG&E executed transactions in accordance with its risk management strategy and approved the Plan. PG&E executed hedges in accordance with its approved Conformed 2006 Long-Term Procurement Plan (Resolution E-4177 and Resolution E-4276). Financial hedges are executed directly on the ICE, through a broker and cleared through an exchange (ICE or the NYMEX) or directly with a bilateral counterparty. ICE and the brokers provide access to anonymous bids and offers from both bilateral parties and cleared counterparties establishing both a liquid and robust market for financial products, and a benchmark for bilateral products. These products include Henry Hub swaps and options, and basis swaps against the industry benchmark indices, including CGPR, Gas Daily, NGI and Inside FERC. A list of information regarding Consumer Risk Tolerance notifications and management disclosures is included in Confidential Attachment K, *Risk Management Strategy Communication and Management Disclosure.*

7. Copy of each contract.

A list of contracts executed and/or modified by PG&E during the Quarter are included in Confidential Attachment H. Copies of the contracts that were not separately filed are also included in Confidential Attachment H. All final RFO contracts subject to QCR filings along with the IE reports, if any are reported in Confidential Attachments H and G, respectively.

8. The valuation results for the contract(s) (for contracts of three months or greater duration).

PG&E provides the valuation method and results for the contracts filed via this QCR in Confidential Attachments H.

9. An electronic copy of any data or forecasts used to analyze the transactions.

Because transaction personnel are continuously monitoring a wide range of market information on a 24-hour-per-day, 7-day-per-week basis, it is not feasible to provide all the data and forecasts used to analyze all potential and executed transactions. However, key analysis data utilized during the First Quarter is contained in Confidential Attachment J.

10. Provide a reasonable number of analyses requested by the Commission or the PRG and provide the resulting outputs.

To the extent any analyses requested by the Commission or PRG during the First Quarter were not already included as a part of PG&E's response to Items 1 through 9 above, such additional analyses would be contained in Confidential Attachment F.

11. Any other information sought by the Commission under the Public Utilities Code.

To the extent the Commission requested information for the First Quarter not already provided in the Master Data Request, such information would be included in the workpapers. Energy Division has requested that PG&E provide transparent exchange traded prices relative to First Quarter 2010. PG&E is currently processing this request relative to Fourth Quarter 2009.

When PG&E completes the Fourth Quarter 2009 request, it will begin processing the First Quarter 2010 request. PG&E will complete the First Quarter 2010 request by June 1, 2010.

D. Additional Reporting Requirement Pursuant to Decision 07-01-039

As required by Ordering Paragraph 12 of D.07-01-039, PG&E has included in Confidential Attachment I, *Summary of Retained Generation Investments Completed,* investments in retained generation that were completed during the Quarter, as well as any multiple contracts of less than five years with the "same supplier, resource or facility." (Section 5.1, p. 152.)

E. Cost Allocation Mechanism

If applicable, the costs and revenues associated with Cost Allocation Mechanism (CAM) resources should be identified. Any IE report for CAM-elected resources would be included in Confidential Attachment G, *First Quarter 2010 Independent Evaluator Reports*. For First Quarter 2010, PG&E did not transact for any CAM-elected resources.

PG&E Gas and Electric
Advice Filing List
General Order 96-B, Section IV

Alcantar & Kahl
Ameresco
Anderson & Poole
Arizona Public Service Company
BART
BP Energy Company
Barkovich & Yap, Inc.
Bartle Wells Associates
Bloomberg New Energy Finance
Boston Properties
C & H Sugar Co.
CA Bldg Industry Association
CAISO
CLECA Law Office
CSC Energy Services
California Cotton Ginners & Growers Assn
California Energy Commission
California League of Food Processors
California Public Utilities Commission
Calpine
Cameron McKenna
Cardinal Cogen
Casner, Steve
Chris, King
City of Glendale
City of Palo Alto
Clean Energy Fuels
Coast Economic Consulting
Commerce Energy
Commercial Energy
Consumer Federation of California
Crossborder Energy
Davis Wright Tremaine LLP
Day Carter Murphy
Defense Energy Support Center
Department of Water Resources
Department of the Army
Dept of General Services
Division of Business Advisory Services
Douglass & Liddell
Downey & Brand
Duke Energy
Dutcher, John
Economic Sciences Corporation
Ellison Schneider & Harris LLP
Foster Farms
G. A. Krause & Assoc.
GLJ Publications
Goodin, MacBride, Squeri, Schlotz & Ritchie
Green Power Institute
Hanna & Morton
Hitachi
International Power Technology
Intestate Gas Services, Inc.
Los Angeles Dept of Water & Power
Luce, Forward, Hamilton & Scripps LLP
MAC Lighting Consulting
MBMC, Inc.
MRW & Associates
Manatt Phelps Phillips
McKenzie & Associates
Merced Irrigation District
Mirant
Modesto Irrigation District
Morgan Stanley
Morrison & Foerster
NRG West
New United Motor Mfg., Inc.
Norris & Wong Associates
North Coast SolarResources
Northern California Power Association
Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc.
OnGrid Solar
Praxair
R. W. Beck & Associates
RCS, Inc.
Recon Research
SCD Energy Solutions
SCE
SMUD
SPURR
Santa Fe Jets
Seattle City Light
Sempra Utilities
Sierra Pacific Power Company
Silicon Valley Power
Silo Energy LLC
Southern California Edison Company
Sunshine Design
Sutherland, Asbill & Brennan
Tabors Caramanis & Associates
Tecogen, Inc.
Tiger Natural Gas, Inc.
Tioga Energy
TransCanada
Turlock Irrigation District
U S Borax, Inc.
United Cogen
Utility Cost Management
Utility Specialists
Verizon
Wellhead Electric Company
Western Manufactured Housing Communities Association (WMA)
eMeter Corporation